

Incremental semantic scales by strings

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scales: linear order ...

semantic:

the soup cooled in/for an hour
temperature *time*

incremental: bounded span and granularity

strings: finite, discrete — based on a finite alphabet

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Why category theory?

months in a year

Jan	Feb	...	Dec
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+ days

Jan,d1	Jan,d2	...	Jan,d31	Feb,d1	...	Dec,d31
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The real line \mathbb{R}

- time (Kamp, W. Klein, van Lambalgen & Hamm, ...)
- degrees (Universal Density of Measurement, Fox & Hackl)

Increment strings via morphisms (arrows) in a category

Dense linear orders via inverse limit

- functor between categories

Dependent types + morphisms f

$$\begin{array}{ll} (\prod_{i \in I} F(i)) & f(a(j)) = a(i) \in F(i) \text{ for } i \rightarrow j \text{ in } I \\ (\sum_{i \in I} F(i)) & \text{Grothendieck construction } \int F \end{array}$$

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Temporal structure simplified

W. Klein

The expression of time in natural languages relates a clause-internal temporal structure to a clause-external temporal structure.

The latter may shrink to a single interval, for example, the time at which the sentence is uttered; but this is just a special case.

The clause-internal temporal structure may also be very simple – it may be reduced to a single interval without any further differentiation, the 'time of the situation'; but if this ever happens, it is only a borderline case.

As a rule, the clause-internal structure is much more complex.

Ed explained

E	S
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Hypothesis: the semantics of tense and aspect is finite-state

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More strings

soup cool in an hour	$x, d \leq sDg$	$d \leq sDg$	$hour(x), sDg < d$
soup cool for an hour	x	$[\exists]sDg_{\downarrow}$	$hour(x), [\exists]sDg_{\downarrow}$

Ed explaining

E	\rightsquigarrow	E_o	E_o, V	E_o
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Reichenbach	tense	aspect				
it rained	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>E,R</td><td>S</td></tr></table>	E,R	S	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>R</td><td>S</td></tr></table>	R	S
E,R	S					
R	S					
it has rained	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>E</td><td>R,S</td></tr></table>	E	R,S	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>R,S</td></tr></table>	R,S	
E	R,S					
R,S						

Projection

<table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>E,R</td><td>S</td></tr></table>	E,R	S	\rightsquigarrow	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>R</td><td>S</td></tr></table>	R	S
E,R	S					
R	S					

Superposition

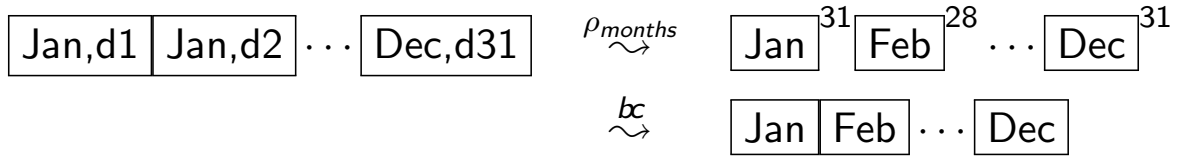
<table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>E,R</td><td>S</td></tr></table>	E,R	S	=	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>R</td><td>S</td></tr></table>	R	S	&	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table;"><tr><td>E,R</td></tr></table>	E,R
E,R	S								
R	S								
E,R									

Constraints - telic, homogeneous ...

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Three projections

days in a year \rightsquigarrow months in a year



ρ_A “see only A ”

$$\rho_A(\alpha_1 \cdots \alpha_n) := (\alpha_1 \cap A) \cdots (\alpha_n \cap A)$$

bc “no time without change”

compress α^+ to α [no stutters / identical adjacent boxes]

$unpad$ no initial or final empty boxes

$$unpad(bc(\rho_{\{\text{Feb}\}}(s))) = \boxed{\text{Feb}}$$

$$unpad(bc(\rho_{\{\text{d3}\}}(s))) = (\boxed{\text{d3}})^{11} \boxed{\text{d3}}$$

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Projecting satisfaction



$$\text{hole}(a) := (\exists x, y, z)(x < y < z \wedge U_a(x) \wedge U_a(z) \wedge \neg U_a(y))$$

$$\text{interval}(a) := \exists x(U_a(x) \wedge \neg \text{hole}(a))$$

$$\begin{array}{l}
 \boxed{a'} \boxed{a, a', a''} \boxed{a''} \models \exists x(U_a(x) \wedge U_{a'}(x)) \\
 \text{iff } \underbrace{\rho_{\{a, a'\}}(\boxed{a'} \boxed{a, a', a''} \boxed{a''})}_{\boxed{a'} \boxed{a, a'}} \models \underbrace{\exists x(U_a(x) \wedge U_{a'}(x))}_{\in \text{sen}(\{a, a'\})}
 \end{array}$$

For $s \in (2^B)^+$ and $\varphi \in \text{sen}(A)$ with $A \subseteq B$,

$$s \models \varphi \quad \text{iff} \quad \rho_A(s) \models \varphi$$

$$s \models \text{interval}(a) \quad \text{iff} \quad unpad(bc(\rho_{\{a\}}(s))) = \boxed{a}$$

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The presheaf \mathbf{P}_f on $Fin(\Phi)$

Approximate an infinite set Φ via its set $Fin(\Phi)$ of finite subsets.

For $A \subseteq B \in Fin(\Phi)$,

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{P}_f(A) &:= \{f(s) \mid s \in (2^A)^+\} \\ \mathbf{P}_f(B, A) &: \mathbf{P}_f(B) \rightarrow \mathbf{P}_f(A) \\ & \quad s \mapsto f(\rho_A(s)) =: f_A(s) \end{aligned}$$

For f equal to id or bc or $(bc; unpad)$,

$$\mathbf{P}_f(A, A) = id_{\mathbf{P}_f(A)} \quad \text{-- i.e., } (\forall s \in (2^A)^+) f_A(f(s)) = f(s)$$

and for $A \subseteq B \subseteq C \in Fin(\Phi)$,

$$\mathbf{P}_f(C, A) = \mathbf{P}_f(C, B); \mathbf{P}_f(B, A) \quad \text{-- i.e., } (\forall s \in (2^C)^+) f_A(f(s)) = f_A(f_B(f(s)))$$

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Satisfaction via institutions (Goguen & Burstall 1992)

whenever $A \subseteq B \in Fin(\Phi)$, $\varphi \in sen(A)$ and $s \in \mathbf{P}_f(B)$,

$$s \models_B \varphi \quad \text{iff} \quad f_A(s) \models_A \varphi$$

for $f = id$, $\rho_A(s)$ encodes the A -reduct of the model s encodes

- $Fin(\Phi)$, \subseteq is the *signature* category **Sign**
- $\mathbf{P}_f : Fin(\Phi)^{op} \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}$ is the *model* presheaf Mod on **Sign**
- *sentence* functor $sen : Fin(\Phi) \rightarrow \mathbf{Set}$
 $sen(A, B) : sen(A) \hookrightarrow sen(B)$ for $A \subseteq B$

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Monadic Second-Order Logic (MSO) and $\mathbf{P}_f(A, \varphi)$

Strings in MSO/Büchi-Elgot-Trakhtenbrot are over A , not 2^A

$$aa' \mapsto \boxed{a \mid a'} \in (2^{\{a, a'\}})^+$$

$\exists x(U_a(x) \wedge U_{a'}(x))$ is satisfiable not in A^+ but in $(2^A)^+$

many automata, only partially known, on different clocks

Let $\mathbf{P}_f(A, \varphi) := \{s \in \mathbf{P}_f(A) \mid s \models_A \varphi\}$

$L \subseteq (2^A)^+$ is regular iff $L = \mathbf{P}_{id}(A, \varphi)$ for some φ in MSO_A

$\mathbf{P}_f(A, \varphi)$ is regular for f computable by a finite-state transducer

Step from \mathbf{P}_{id} to \mathbf{P}_f for dense linear orders in $\varprojlim \mathbf{P}_{bc}$
 whereas $\varprojlim \mathbf{P}_{id}$ keeps lengths fixed (discrete)

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Approximations and open-endedness

Ranta 1994 on the need to “justify everyday objects in type theory”

mathematical and logical reasoning is based on fully presented objects. A natural number is fully presented by its canonical expression. The structure of this expression determines it as a natural number. But there is no fully presenting expression for the continent of Africa, say. Even the longest encyclopedic text will leave an infinity of properties open, and it is a puzzling question what expression, if any, would determine Africa as a continent.

... develop the techniques of approximating full presentations of objects

Open-ended Φ approximated via $Fin(\Phi)$

$\rightsquigarrow \mathbf{P}_f \rightsquigarrow$ finite-state methods

Inverse limit as IL

$$\varprojlim \mathbf{P}_f := \{w \in \prod_{A \in \text{Fin}(\Phi)} \mathbf{P}_f(A) \mid w(A) = f_A(w(B)) \text{ whenever } A \subseteq B \in \text{Fin}(\Phi)\}$$

Given $A \in \text{Fin}(\Phi)$ and $\varphi \in \text{sen}(A)$, let

$$[[A, \varphi]]_f := \{w \in \varprojlim \mathbf{P}_f \mid w(A) \models_A \varphi\}$$

and analyze entailment

$$(A, \varphi) \vdash (A', \varphi') \text{ iff } [[A, \varphi]]_f \subseteq [[A', \varphi']]_f$$

in terms of $\int \mathbf{Q}_f$, where

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{Q}_f(A) &:= \{\mathbf{P}_f(A, \varphi) \mid \varphi \in \text{sen}(A)\} \\ \mathbf{Q}_f(B, A) &: \mathbf{Q}_f(B) \rightarrow \mathbf{Q}_f(A), \quad \mathbf{P}_f(B, \varphi) \mapsto \mathbf{P}_f(A, \varphi) \end{aligned}$$

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Continuous change

$$\begin{aligned} \text{soup cool in an hour} & \quad \boxed{x, d \leq sDg} \mid \boxed{d \leq sDg} \mid \boxed{\text{hour}(x), sDg < d} \\ & =_{bc} \quad \boxed{d \leq sDg}^+ \mid \boxed{sDg < d} \ \& \ \boxed{x} \mid \boxed{\text{hour}(x)}^+ \end{aligned}$$

$$I \models d \leq sDg \text{ iff } (\forall r \in I) d \leq sDg(r)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{soup cool for an hour} & \quad \boxed{x} \mid \boxed{[\exists]sDg_{\downarrow}} \mid \boxed{\text{hour}(x), [\exists]sDg_{\downarrow}} \\ & =_{bc} \quad \boxed{[\exists]sDg_{\downarrow}}^+ \ \& \ \boxed{x} \mid \boxed{\text{hour}(x)}^+ \end{aligned}$$

$$sDg_{\downarrow} := \exists x (sDg < x \wedge \text{Prev}(x \leq sDg))$$

$$I \models [\exists]\varphi \text{ iff } (\forall I' \subseteq I) I' \models \varphi$$

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Projecting satisfaction, again

For $a \in A \in \text{Fin}(\Phi)$ and $s \in (2^A)^+$,

$$s \models_A \text{interval}(a) \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{unpad}(\text{bc}(\rho_{\{a\}}(s))) = \boxed{a}$$

where

$$\text{interval}(a) := \exists x (U_a(x) \wedge \neg \text{hole}(a))$$

$$\text{hole}(a) := (\exists x, y, z) (x < y < z \wedge U_a(x) \wedge U_a(z) \wedge \neg U_a(y))$$

For $A \subseteq B \in \text{Fin}(\Phi)$ and $s \in (2^B)^+$,

$$s \models_B \text{Spec}(A) \quad \text{iff} \quad \text{bc}(\rho_A(s)) \in \{\boxed{a} \mid a \in A\}^+$$

where

$$\text{Spec}(A) := \forall x \bigvee_{a \in A} (U_a(x) \wedge \bigwedge_{a' \in A - \{a\}} \neg U_{a'}(x))$$

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Frames as automata

- (1) Jones did it slowly, deliberately, in the bathroom, with a knife, at midnight. (Davidson 1967)

$$(2) \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{agent} = \text{JONES} \\ \text{how} = \left[\begin{array}{l} \text{slow} \\ \text{deliberate} \end{array} \right] \\ \text{where} = \left[\text{bathroom} \right] \\ \text{when} = \left[\text{midnight} \right] \\ \text{with-what} = \left[\text{knife} \right] \end{array} \right] \quad (3) \left[\begin{array}{l} l_1 = r_1 \\ \vdots \\ l_k = r_k \end{array} \right] \quad r \overset{l_j}{\rightsquigarrow} r_j$$

- set L of labels l
- relations $\overset{l}{\rightsquigarrow} \subseteq R \times R$ for $l \in L$

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Records as regular languages

The *trace set* $tr_{\rightsquigarrow}(r)$ of r is

$$\bigcup_{k \geq 1} \{l_1 \cdots l_k \in L^k \mid (\exists r_1 \cdots r_k \in R^k) r \xrightarrow{l_1} r_1 \\ \text{and } r_{i-1} \xrightarrow{l_i} r_i \text{ for } 1 < i \leq k\}$$

Fact 1 (Myhill-Nerode theorem). $tr_{\rightsquigarrow}(r)$ is a regular language iff

$$\{tr_{\rightsquigarrow}(r') \mid r \rightsquigarrow_+ r'\} \text{ is finite}$$

(where \rightsquigarrow_+ is the transitive closure of $\bigcup_l \xrightarrow{l}$).

Fact 2. For deterministic transitions, trace equivalence

$$r \sim_{tr} r' \quad \text{iff} \quad tr_{\rightsquigarrow}(r) = tr_{\rightsquigarrow}(r')$$

is a bisimulation (a \rightsquigarrow -congruence).

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But what about record types?

Proposal. Use signatures in institutions

$$\mathbf{P}_f(A) \rightsquigarrow \mathbf{P}_f(\underbrace{A, \varphi}_{\text{expanded signature}})$$

Expand

$$sen(A, \varphi) = sen(A) \cup \\ \{\psi \mid (A, \varphi) \text{ satisfies } \psi\text{'s presuppositions}\}$$

... future work?

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