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Overview

- Personalized eLearning
 - The Multi-model, Metadata Driven Approach
 - Personalization in iClass
- Personalized Learning Paths
 - Selector Service
 - Pedagogical Strategies
- Personalized Learning Objects
 - LO Generator Service
 - Pedagogical Scenarios
- Selector and LO Generator cooperating to produce Personalized Learning Experiences
- Interactions with other iClass Services
 - Presenter, Teacher's Preference Tool, Tracker, Monitor and Profiler



Personalized eLearning

- Personalized eLearning is the promise of eLearning tailored to the learner's needs and preferences
 - The challenge is to integrate these experiences within existing curricula and classroom activities
 - Should be pedagogically appropriate
 - Must cater for teacher's preferences
 - Should leverage existing standards to facilitate reusability
- The fulfilment of this promise involves the strategic reconciliation of many different models
 - Strategies of Personalization
 - Pedagogically driven
 - Models of Learners, Teachers, Concept Domains, Learning Objects, Context etc.



Multi-model, Metadata Driven Approach

- This approach advocates the
 - Separation of Adaptive Logic (also called Narrative) from Adaptive Models
 - Discrete and Separate Modelling of each Model
 - Conceptual Abstraction between Narrative and Models
- APeLS (Adaptive Personalized eLearning Service) is an embodiment of this approach [Conlan et. al., Adaptive Hypermedia 2002]
 - Pre-existing Adaptive eLearning System by TCD
 - Initially developed as part of the EASEL IST Project
 - Used to produce personalized courses in TCD
 - Used by ~1000 students so far
 - Evaluated successfully [Conlan & Wade, Adaptive Hypermedia 2004]



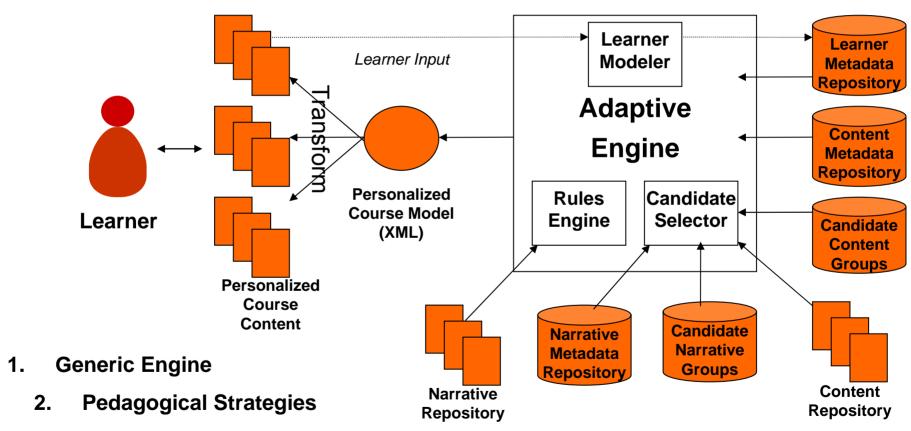
Multi-model, Metadata Driven Approach

Key Features

- Discrete models (XML)
 - Narrative
 - Learner
 - Content
 - Etc.
- Multiple (possibly nested) Narratives
- Runtime reconciliation of Models (Metadata)
- Abstraction Architecture
- Candidacy Architecture
 - Narratives
 - Content
- Multiple output streams (XML)
- Transformation capabilities



APeLS Architecture



- 3. Repositories
 - 4. Learning Content
 - 5. Personalized Experience



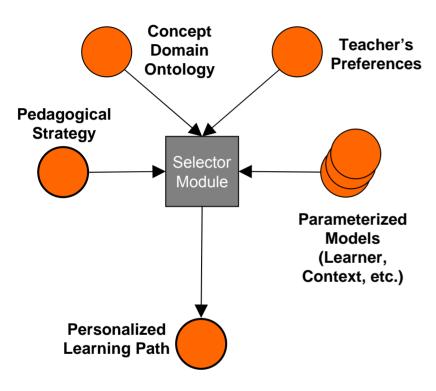
Personalization in iClass

- Separate the ideas in APeLS into discrete, extensible and reusable (web) services
- What do we want to separate?
 - APeLS has a single strategy for adding concepts/activities to a course and adding the appropriate content
 - APeLS performs all of its own (explicit) Learner modelling
 - APeLS handles all course navigation and presentation
- Introducing the separate Services
 - Selector → select the most appropriate concepts and activities
 - LO Generator → create personalized learning objects
 - Presenter → display the navigation and present LOs
 - Tracker → capture events that may be useful in implicit modelling
 - Monitor → Evaluate the learner's Knowledge State
 - Profiler → Profile pedagogical elements of the learner



Selector Service

Creating Personalized Learning Paths

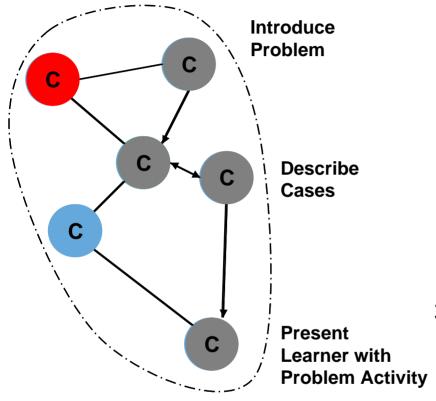


- The Selector adaptively selects appropriate concepts and activities to produce a Personalized Learning Path (PLP)
- Teacher's Preferences act as a set of guidelines for the personalisation
- Adaptivity is based on Pedagogical Preferences (Strategy selection), Prior Knowledge and Learning Objectives
 - To be extended
- Pedagogical Strategy is a high level strategy that adaptively sequences concepts, activities and types
- Adaptivity based on Learner Model, Context Model, etc.
- May be runtime or design time.
- PLP is expressed in IMS LD



Selector Service

Example Execution

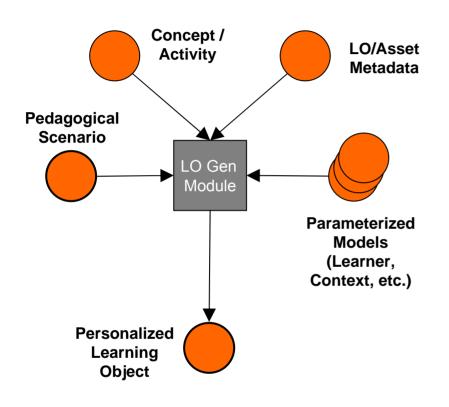


- Concept Domain is overlayed with Teacher's Concept Preferences (required concepts, undesired concepts, concept boundary)
- 2. Pedagogical Strategy is chosen based on Learner Preference and Teacher Preference (e.g. Casebased approach)
- 3. Pedagogical Strategy is applied to Concept Domain (pedagogical types are introduced). Validated using LO Generator
- 4. PLP is produced as an IMS LD



LO Generator Service

Creating Personalized Learning Objects

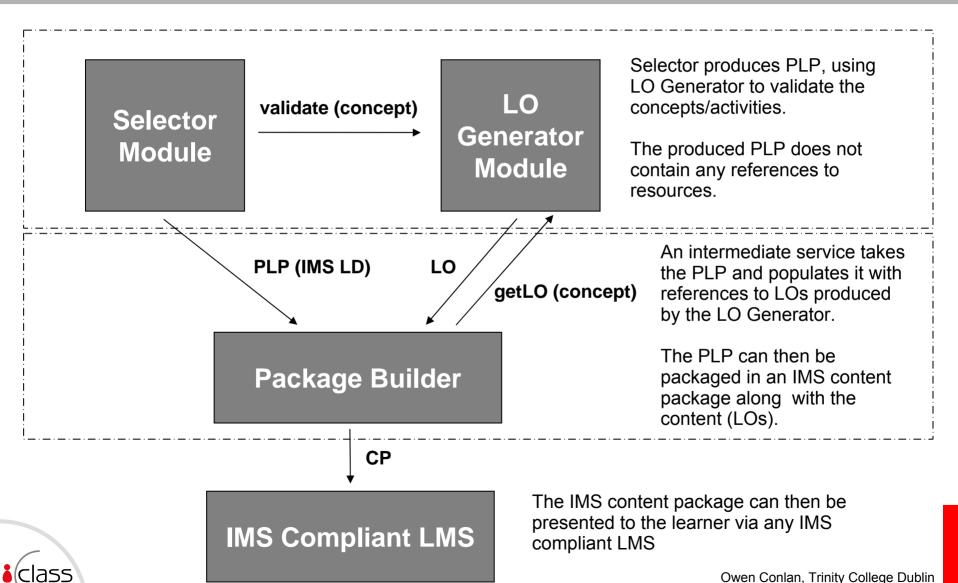


- The LO Generator
 - Adaptively selects an appropriate (pre-existing) LO to deliver
 - Adaptively creates a new LO by combining assets
- Pedagogical Scenario describes the methodology applied in this process
 - Using 8LEM from University of Liege
 - Combining Learning Resources and Learning Events
- Metadata is of key importance in the reconciliation process



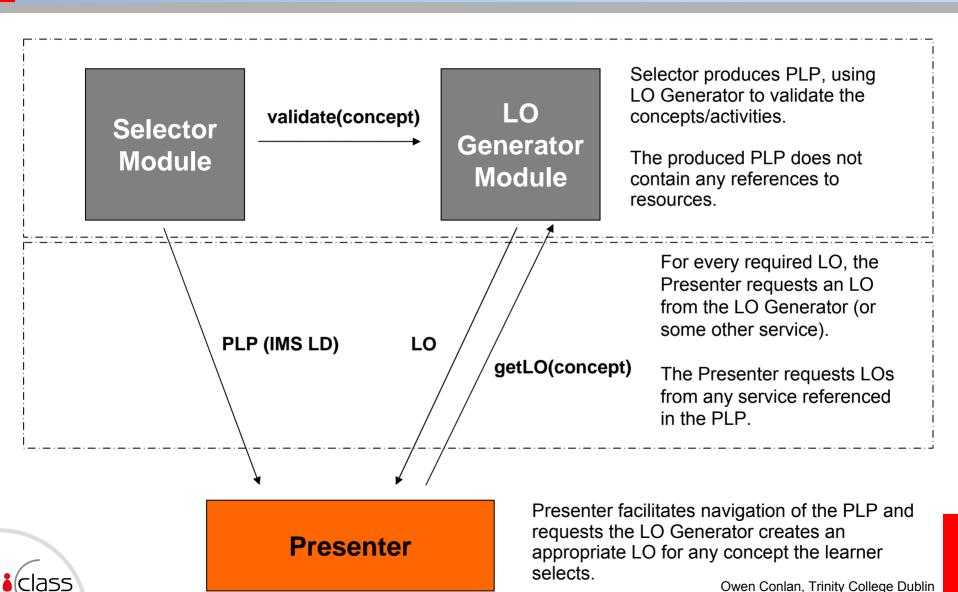
Selector and LO Generator Cooperation

Methodology 1 – Building a Content Package



Selector and LO Generator Cooperation

Methodology 2 – Dynamic Navigation and Presentation



Selector and LO Generator Cooperation

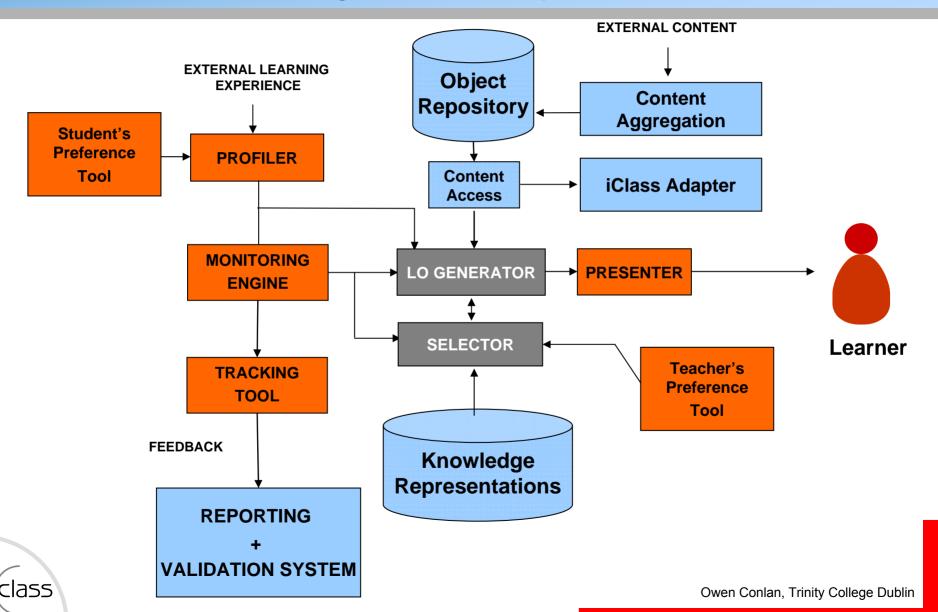
Discussion

- Selector and LO Generator Modules implemented as services makes them flexible and scalable
- Methodology 1 (Content Package Creation) is not very dynamic, but produces a personalized learning experience that may be played in any IMS compliant LMS
- Methodology 2 (Dynamic Navigation and Presentation) is dynamic as LOs are created as needed using the most up-to-date information.
 - Granularity of PLPs and concepts impacts dynamism
- Other workflows possible



Interactions of iClass Services

Creating Personalized Experiences

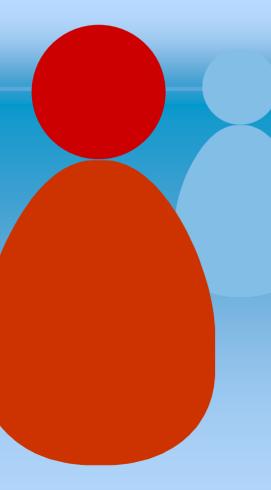


Conclusion

- Selector and LO Generator Modules in iClass are implemented as discrete, extensible and reusable (web) services
 - Flexible
 - Scalable
- Separation of Personalization facilitates different levels of Pedagogical Strategy
- Can support different levels of adaptivity dynamism







Thank You!

www.iclass.info

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